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WIPO PCT

Application forms P. 1 and P.3, provisional specification and drawings of South African Patent Application No. 2002/4640 as originally filed in the Republic of South Africa on 10 June 2002 in the name of METAL BOX SOUTH AFRICA LIMITED for an invention entitled: "PACKAGING".

## PRIORITY DOCUMENT

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Geteken te Signed at PRETORIA in the Republic of South Africa, this

4th

dag van day of

June 2003

Registrateur van Patente Registrar of Patents

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E OF SOUTH AFRICA FORM P.1 Ravenua

PATE	ENTS ACT, 1978	(to be loc	ged in duplicate		
APPLI ACKN	LICATION FOR A PATENT AND NOWLEDGEMENT OF RECEIPT (on 30(1) Regulation 22)		10.6.02	8	060
•	GRANT OF A PATENT IS HEREBY REQUEST THE BASIS OF THE PRESENT APPLICATION I	ED BY THE UNDER!	MENTIONED APP	LICANT	
21	01 PATENT APPLICATION NO 2002	7/4640	A&A REF V1		
71	FULL NAME(S) OF APPLICANT(S)				
	METAL BOX SOUTH AFRICA LIMITED				
•	•				
ADI	DRESS(ES) OF APPLICANT(S)				
	114 Dennis Road, Atholl Gardens, Sandton, Gauteng Province, Republic of South Africa		· .		
54	TITLE OF INVENTION .		•		
	" PACKAGING "	•			
	Only the items marked with an "X" in the blocks below an	a applicable			
	THE APPLICANT CLAIMS PRIORITY AS SET OUT ON		ORM P.2. The earliest	priority cla	imed is
	Country:	No:	Date:		
	THE APPLICATION IS FOR A PATENT OF ADDITION		N NO 21 01		
	THIS APPLICATION IS A FRESH APPLICATION IN TE				
L	APPLICATION NO 21 01	idad of obotion of the			
THIS A	APPLICATION IS ACCOMPANIED BY:	•			
x	A single copy of a provisional specification of 12 pages		•		
x	Drawings of 1 sheet				
	Publication particulars and abstract (Form P.8 in duplicate)	(for complete only)			
	A copy of Figure of the drawings (if any) for the abstract	ct (for complete only)			
х	An assignment of invention				
	Certified priority document(s). (State quantity)		•		
	Translation of the priority document(s)				
	An assignment of priority rights		<del></del>		
	A copy of Form P.2 and the specification of RSA Patent Ap	oplication No 21	01		
x	Form P.2 in duplicate				
х	A declaration and power of attorney on Form P.3				
	Request for ante-dating on Form P.4				
	Request for classification on Form P.9				

ADDRESS FOR SERVICE: Adams & Adams, Pretoria

Request for delay of acceptance on Form P.4 Extra copy of informal drawings (for complete only)

Dated this 10th day of June 2002

AV vR SCHWEIZER ADAMS & ADAMS APPLICANTS PATENT ATTORNEYS

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2002 -06- 10

REGISTRATEUR VAN PATENTE, MODELL HANDELSMEKKE EN OUTEURSREG

REGISTRAR OF PATENTS

FORM P.3

DECL (Section 30 - Regulation 8, 22(i)(c) and 33)

PATENT APPLICATION NO 21 01 200 4		&A Ref: V15248 AS/vd				LODGING DATE 22 10 June 2002			
FULL 71	NAME(S) OF APPLICANT(S)  METAL BOX SOUTH AFR	ICA L	IMITED .			<u>:</u>			
FULI	NAME(S) OF INVENTOR(S)								
72	ELBERS, Caspar Marinus The	odoru	s						
EARI	LIEST PRIORITY CLAIMED	COUNTRY		NUMBER		DATE			
NOTE: The country must be indicated by its International Abbreviation - see schedule 4 of the Regulations									
TITL	E OF INVENTION								
54	" FACKAGING "								
*	Yugenderan Mogamberry MOODLEY								
	hereby declare that :-								
ļ	I/we am/are the applicant(s)	<del>-ment</del>	ioned-above;						
** 2	. I/we have been authorized by stated in the capacity of	y the	applicant(s) to LEGAL A	make DVIS	this declaration	n and have	knowledge of the facts herein the applicant(s)		
*** 3	the inventor <del>(s)-</del> of the above acquired the right to apply	mentio	oned invention tue of an assig	is/ <del>are-</del> t nment	he person( <del>s) n</del> from the inver	amed abov itor <del>(s);</del>	e and the applicant( <del>s)</del> has/ <del>have</del>		
4	to the best of my/ <del>our-knowledge and belief, if a patent is granted on the application, there will be no lawful ground for the revocation of the patent;</del>								
*** 5	this is a convention application and the earliest application from which priority is claimed as set out above is the first application in a convention country in respect of the invention claimed in any of the claims; —and—								
6	reverally with nowers of s	ihetiti	tion and revoc	ation t	o represent the	e applicant	neys, are authorised, jointly and (s) in this application and to be after a patent has been granted		

SIGNED THIS

Company Name: METAL BOX SOUTH AFRICA LIMITED
Full Names: VUGEN DERAN MOGAMBERY MODDLEY

18th DAY OF FEBRUARY

Capacity of Signatory: LEGAL ADVISER

(no legalization necessary)

2002

In the case of application in the name of a company, partnership or firm, give full names of signatory/signatories, delete paragraph 1, and enter capacity

of each signatory in paragraph 2.

If the applicant is a natural person, delete paragraph 2.

If the right to apply is not by virtue of an assignment from the inventor(s), delete an assignment from the inventor(s) and give details of acquisition of right.

For non-convention applications, delete paragraph 5.

on the application.

ADAMS & ADAMS PATENT ATTORNEYS PRETORIA

FORM P6

#### REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA Patents Act, 1978

#### PROVISIONAL SPECIFICATION

(Section 30 (1) - Regulation 27)

21 01 OFFICIAL APPLICATION NO

22 LODGING DATE

10 June 2002

.2002/4640

71 FULL NAME(S) OF APPLICANT(S)

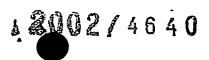
METAL BOX SOUTH AFRICA LIMITED

72 FULL NAME(S) OF INVENTOR(S)

**ELBERS, Caspar Marinus Theodorus** 

54 | TITLE OF INVENTION

" PACKAGING "



THIS INVENTION relates to packaging. More particularly, the invention relates to a process for producing packaging material suitable for, but not limited to, the packaging of foodstuffs. The invention also relates to an apparatus or installation for producing such packaging material, and to packaging material whenever produced in accordance with the process or by means of the apparatus or installation.

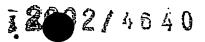
According to the invention there is provided a process for producing packaging material comprising a web of transparent flexible polymeric plastics film, the process including the steps of:

printing a portion of the surface of a major face of the web of said film with an embossing coating;

embossing the embossing coating printed on said major face by means of an optically variable device; and

after the embossing, metallising the entire surface of said major face with a metal coating,

the printing and the embossing being carried out in-line and continuously until the entire sheet or strip has been embossed, the strip being advanced past a series of work stations where the in-line process steps are respectively carried out, the series including a printing station where the printing of the embossing coating takes place and an embossing station, following the printing station, where the



embossing takes place, to produce a web of flexible polymeric plastics film having a major face which is partially embossed, the whole of the major face being metallised.

Process steps, other than in-line printing and embossing steps, may be carried out batchwise.

The embossing by means of an optically variable device may be by holographic embossing (two- or three-dimensional), although other types of embossing, such as stereographic embossing to produce stereograms, embossing by means of diffraction gratings and dot matrix embossing may be employed, using other optically variable devices.

The process may include the further step of colour-printing said major face of the web, prior to the metallising and optionally prior to the printing with the embossing coating, between the printing with the embossing coating and the embossing, or after the embossing, the colour-printing being carried out in-line with the printing with the embossing coating and in-line with the embossing, preferably being confined to the unembossed portion of the surface of said major face. In this regard, the embossed portion and/or the unembossed portion may extend continuously along the full length of the web, or one or both of these portions may be divided into separate parts, which may be spaced from one another; and the embossing and/or the arrangement of the portions may be such as to provide the

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embossed web with one or more repeating patterns. In this context colour-printing includes printing with pigments which are white, black or grey, although these are not strictly speaking colours.

The process may include the further process step of laminating the embossed metallised web with a backing web of flexible polymeric plastics film, which may or may not be transparent, for example by adhesively securing the webs together by means of an adhesive, to provide a laminated composite packaging material, in which the embossed coating, the metal coating and any colour-printing are sandwiched between the webs so that the embossed metallised web is reverse-printed, the laminated composite material typically being slit lengthwise prior to finally being rolled into rolls.

More particularly, the web of film which is embossed and metallised, and the film of any backing web used, may be made from a member of the group of polymeric plastics materials comprising:

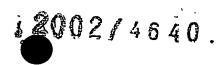
polyesters;

polypropylenes;

polyethylenes; and

polyvinyl chloride.

Of the above, it is expected that polyester films and polypropylene films will be preferred. It is further expected that vacuum-metallising techniques will be



employed for the metallising step, and that the metal used for the metallising step will be aluminium although, naturally, other metals and other metallising techniques can, if desired, be used. The embossing coating may be solvent-based and may be printed by means of a printing cylinder. A gravure printing technique may be employed, the cylinder forming part of a photogravure printing press, i.e. a socalled rotogravure printing press. Similarly, the embossing may be by means of an embossing cylinder, which may be holographically engraved or comprises holographically engraved shims, the embossing cylinder also optionally forming part of a gravure printing press, preferably the same press as comprises the cylinder used for printing the embossing coating. When colour-printing is employed, this may likewise be by means of a printing cylinder and may employ a gravure printing technique, this printing cylinder conveniently being part of the same gravure press of which the cylinders for printing the embossing coating and for embossing the embossing coating also form part, so that a single gravure press is employed for the process. In this case, if an eight-colour gravure printing press is used, up to six of its cylinders can be used for colour-printing, at separate stations, all in-line, separate and distinct from the embossing coating printing station and the embossing station.

The invention extends to an apparatus or installation for producing a packaging material, the apparatus or installation comprising:

an embossing coating printing station for printing an embossing coating on a portion of the surface of a major face of a web of transparent flexible polymeric

plastics film;

an embossing station for embossing an embossing coating printed on the web at the printing station; and

a metallising station for metallising both the coated and printed portion of the surface of said major face and the remainder of the surface of said major face, to metallise the entire surface of said major face,

the printing station and the embossing station being arranged in-line, and the apparatus or installation being arranged and constructed to advance a web of flexible polymeric plastics film past said printing and embossing stations in turn.

Processing stations, other than in-line printing and embossing stations, may be arranged for batchwise processing.

The apparatus or installation may include at least one colour-printing station, arranged in-line with the above printing and embossing stations, for colour-printing a coloured coating on an uncoated portion of the surface of said major face. In a convenient embodiment of the apparatus or installation each printing station and the embossing station may form part of a common gravure printing press having a plurality of cylinders, each printing station and the embossing station being arranged in-line and comprising one of the cylinders of the press. The metallising station may in turn comprise a vacuum-metallising station, for vacuum-metallising the major face, with a metal such as aluminium. The apparatus or installation may also include a laminating station for laminating the sheet or strip

after the metallising thereof, with a backing web of flexible polymeric plastics film, an optional slitting station where the laminated product is slit into portions, and an optional rolling station where the slit film is rolled up into rolls.

The invention extends to flexible packaging material, whenever produced in accordance with the process described above, and/or whenever produced by means of the apparatus or installation described above.

The invention will now be described, by way of non-limiting illustrative example, with the reference to the accompanying diagrammatic drawing, in which the single Figure shows a schematic flow diagram of a process according to the present invention.

In the drawing, in which the flow diagram of the present invention is generally designated by reference numeral 10, a plurality of process stages or work stations are illustrated, interconnected by a plurality of flow paths or flow lines along which materials undergoing the process of the present invention are moved, to and past the various stations. Process steps are carried out at the various stations, which are shown associated with items of process equipment, connected thereto by process lines, indicating the process steps which are carried out thereby. Reference numeral 10 thus generally designates an apparatus or installation for carrying out the process of the present invention.

The installation 10 comprises a supply or store 12 of unprinted film such as polyester (PET), bi-axially oriented polypropylene (BOPP), polyvinyl chloride (PVC) or the like, in the present example, say, PET. The store 12 is shown connected by flow line 14 to a colour-printing station 16 which receives process input, designated by process line 18, from a printing cylinder 20 of a rotogravure printing press. Flow line 22 then leads from station 16 to an embossing coating printing station 24, which receives process input, designated by process line 26, from a further printing cylinder 28 of said rotogravure printing press.

From the station 24 flow line 30 leads to an embossing station 32 which receives process input along process line 34 from a yet further printing cylinder 36 of said rotogravure printing press, which cylinder 36 is holographically engraved. Instead, cylinder 36 may carry holographically engraved shims mounted thereon.

Flow line 38 in turn leads from station 32 to a metallising station 40, which receives process input along process line 42 from a vacuum-metalliser 44. From station 40 flow line 46 leads to a laminating station 48 which is supplied along process line 50 with process input from a laminator 52.

Flow line 54 leads from station 48 to a slitting station 56 which receives process input along process line 58 from a slitter 60; and flow line 62 leads from station 56 to a product store 64.

Finally, a supply or store 66 of sealant film, likewise polyester film, is shown feeding along flow line 68 into laminating station 48.

In accordance with the process of the invention a web in continuous strip form, of unprinted polyester film is fed from a roll thereof at the store 12 along flow line 14 to and past the colour-printing station 16 where the web receives, on a portion thereof, a reverse-printed colour coating along process line 18 from cylinder 20. The web then moves on from station 16 along flow line 22 to the embossing coating printing station 24, where it receives, on a different and as yet unprinted portion thereof, a reverse-printed embossing coating, along process line 26 from cylinder 28.

The web then moves on from station 24 along flow line 30 to embossing station 32, where, on the portion printed with embossing coating, it is reverse-printed with holographic embossing by process input along line 34 from engraved cylinder 36. The web then moves on along line 38 to the metallising station, where the entire printed surface thereof receives a reverse-printed metallising coating along process line 42 from the metalliser 44.

The web then moves on from station 40 along flow line 46 to the laminating station 48 where it receives laminating process input from laminator 52 along process line 50, being laminated at station 48 to a web of polyester laminating film, moving from store 66 along flow line 68 to station 48. The

laminated web then moves on along flow line 54 to slitting station 56 where it receives slitting process input from the slitter 60 along process line 58, and is longitudinally slit into longitudinally extending portions. Finally, the slit portions move along flow line 62 to the store 64 via a rolling station (not shown) where process input is provided which rolls the laminated film slit portions into rolls, which rolls move along line 62 to the store 64.

With regard to the aforegoing, it should be noted that the process of the present invention illustrated in the drawings is a continuous (not batchwise) inline process, with regard to the colour-printing, the printing with embossing coating, and the embossing in which the web of film from the store 12 is moved as a continuous web, either continuously or intermittently, as far as the embossing station 32. Thereafter, in the embodiment illustrated in the drawing, the succeeding process steps are carried out batchwise on the web, with regard to the metallising, the laminating, the slitting and the rolling.

and 68 are flow lines along which the webs move from stores 12 and 66, either separately or together after lamination thereof, from one process station to another, the colour-printing, embossing coating printing and embossing process stations respectively 16, 24 and 32 being arranged in-line. In contrast, the process lines 18, 26, 34, 42, 50 and 58 are not intended necessarily to indicate material flow, but rather the application of process input or process steps at the various

stations, by the plant or equipment associated with the respective stations, to the web passing to and past the stations. There will naturally be a flow of colour-printing material associated with line 18, a flow of embossing coating material associated with line 26, and a flow of metallising metal, say aluminium vapour, associated with line 42, but no material flow will take place along any of lines 34, 50 or 58.

An advantage of the process as described above with reference to the drawing, is that it employs an at least partially in-line process in which a holographic coating is applied to a starting film which is then holographically embossed, the printing of the embossing coating and the embossing thereof being applied to only portions of the starting film, where required, and not to the remainder thereof. This has particular advantages compared with a process which employs a pre-holographically embossed starting film, all of which is embossed, including unnecessary holographic embossing on parts of the film intended to be colour-printed where such embossing is wasted. Furthermore, pre-embossed film, which is typically imported into South Africa, apart from being expensive, is generally available in a limited number of different embossed designs. Thus, apart from reducing the expensive embossing, flexibility in the designs used is promoted, particularly when engraved shims are employed on the embossing cylinder. Using a rotogravure press, embossing can be carried out on desired portions of the film and colour-printing can be carried out on other desired portions of the film, in an in-line process of relatively reduced cost having enhanced artistic possibilities. In

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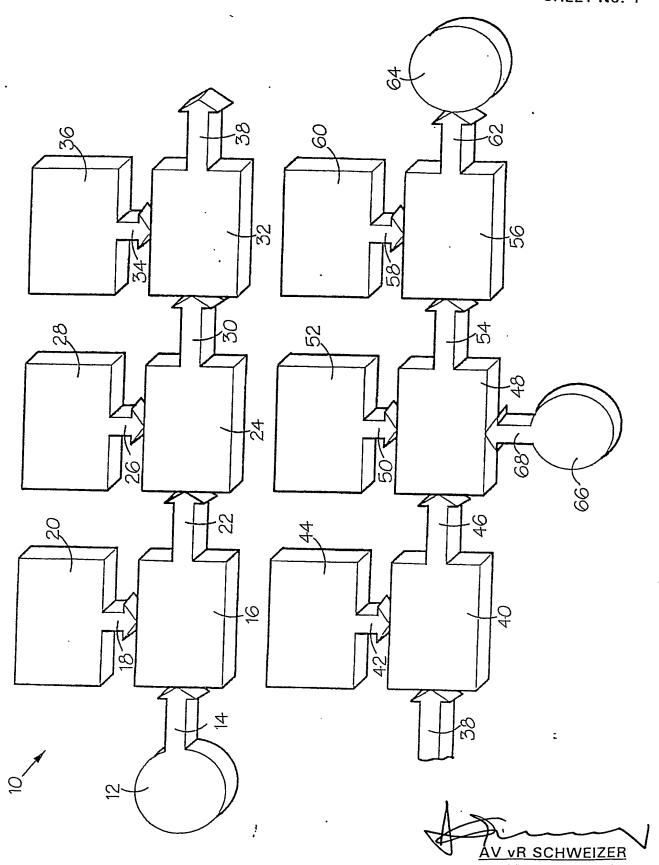
particular, it makes possible the embossing of corporate logos or brand names on the product holographically, which can assist in resisting counterfeiting, and can improve shelf-appeal of packaging made from the film.

Dated this 10th day of JUNE 2002.

AV vR SCHWEIZER

ADAMS & ADAMS APPLICANT'S PATENT ATTORNEY

2002/4640 ONE SHEET SHEET No. 1



ADAMS & ADAMS APPLICANT'S PATENT ATTORNEY

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